

國立高雄大學 101 學年度研究所碩士班招生考試試題

科目：數理統計
考試時間：100 分鐘

系所：
統計學研究所(統計組)
本科原始成績：100 分

是否使用計算機：否

1. A probability function denoted by P is a (set) function which assigns to each event A a number denoted by $P(A)$, called the probability of A , and satisfies the following requirements:

(R1) $P(A) \geq 0$;

(R2) $P(S) = 1$, where S is the sample space;

(R3) For every collection of pairwise disjoint events $A_i, i = 1, 2, \dots$, we have

$$P(\cup_i A_i) = \sum_i P(A_i).$$

Using the above requirements (R1)-(R3) to show the following properties:

(1) $P(\phi) = 0$, where ϕ is the impossible event. 【5%】

(2) If $A_1 \subseteq A_2$, then $P(A_1) \leq P(A_2)$. 【5%】

(3) $P(A_1 \cup A_2) = P(A_1) + P(A_2) - P(A_1 \cap A_2)$. 【5%】

2. Suppose that $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$. Prove that $\frac{X-\mu}{\sigma} \sim N(0,1)$. 【15%】

3. Suppose that X is a nonnegative continuous random variable. Prove that $P(X \geq t) \leq \frac{E(X)}{t}$ for any $t > 0$. 【10%】

4. Suppose that we observe X_i independent, with $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$. Let $\bar{X} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i}{n}$.

(1) Show that \bar{X} is the maximum likelihood estimator of μ . 【5%】

(2) Show that \bar{X} is an unbiased estimator of μ . 【5%】

(3) Show that \bar{X} is an efficient estimator of μ . 【5%】

(4) Show that \bar{X} is a consistent estimator of μ . 【5%】

(5) Show that \bar{X} is a sufficient statistic. 【5%】

5. Suppose that we observe X_i independent, with $N(i\theta, 1)$ for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$. Find the most powerful size- α test for testing that $\theta = 2$ against $\theta = 4$. 【10%】

6. (1) State the definition of “ $\{X_n\}$ converges almost surely to X ”. 【5%】

(2) State the definition of “ $\{X_n\}$ converges in probability to X ”. 【5%】

(3) State the definition of “ $\{X_n\}$ converges in distribution to X ”. 【5%】

(4) State the Weak Law of Large Numbers. 【5%】

(4) State the Central Limit Theorem. 【5%】