## 國立高雄大學九十八學年度碩士班招生考試試題

科目:微積分

統計學研究所風險管理組

考試時間:100分鐘

是否使用計算機:否

本科原始成績:100分

1. (14 points) Compute each of the following integrals.

(a)  $\int_0^2 f(x)dx$  where  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 1; \\ 2 - x, & \text{if } 1 \le x \le 2. \end{cases}$ 

系所:

- **(b)**  $\int_0^1 f(x) dx$  where  $\begin{cases} x, & \text{if } 0 \le x \le c; \\ c \frac{1-x}{1-c}, & \text{if } c \le x \le 1, \end{cases}$  c is a fixed real number and 0 < c
- 2. (10 points) Compute  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1-\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^2}$ .
- 3. (14 points) Prove the following inequalities:

$$\frac{11}{24} \le \int_0^{1/2} \sqrt{1 - x^2} \, dx \le \frac{11}{24} \sqrt{\frac{4}{3}}.$$

- 4. (14 points)
  - (a) Show that

$$\int_0^{\pi} x f(\sin x) \ dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \int_0^{\pi} f(\sin x) \ dx.$$

(b) Use part (a) to deduce the formula

$$\int_0^{\pi} \frac{x \sin x}{1 + \cos^2 x} \, dx = \pi \int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1 + x^2}.$$

5. (10 points) Use integration by parts to derive the recursion formula

$$\int \cos^n x \ dx = \frac{\cos^{n-1} x \sin x}{n} + \frac{n-1}{n} \int \cos^{n-2} x \ dx.$$

- 6. (14 points) For what value of a will  $x^{-2}(e^{ax}-e^x-x)$  tend to a finite limit as  $x \to 0$ ? What is the value of this limit?
- 7. (10 points) Assume  $\lim_{n\to 0} a_n = 0$ . Use the definition of limit to prove that  $\lim_{n\to 0} a_n^2 = 0.$
- 8. (14 points) Given that  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x^n/n! = e^x$  for all x, find the sum of the following series, assuming it is permissible to operate on infinite series as though they were finite sum.
  - (a)  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{n-1}{n!};$
  - **(b)**  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(n-1)(n+1)}{n!}$